Violence broke out in Juba on 15 December 2013, quickly spreading to six states across the country. Armed hostilities have been particularly intense in other areas outside Juba including Jonglei, Unity and Upper Nile states.

**HUMANITARIAN RESPONSE**

Despite restricted access, relief agencies have launched a multi-sector response to the crisis, with aid including food, water, household items and healthcare scaling up in areas where security allows.

**Response matrix**

- **Juba (UN House)**
  - Aweil
  - Malakal
  - Bor
  - Bentiu

- **Awerial**
  - Idi
  - Pariang

- **Bor**
  - Koch

- **Malakal**
  - Aweil
  - Pariang

- **Bentiu**
  - Juba (Tomping)

- **Yida**
  - 77,000 refugees from Sudan’s South Sudan

- **Maban**
  - 122,000 refugees from Sudan’s Blue Nile

**CHALLENGES**

Access to people in need is restricted by severe insecurity. In addition, to scale up the humanitarian response more capacity on the ground is required, through additional aid workers, relief supplies, and funding.

**FUNDING**

Aid agencies launched the South Sudan Crisis Response Plan on 31 December, calling for $166 million to respond to the estimated 628,000 people in need of immediate assistance from January to March 2014.

- **$166m** Unmet immediate requirements
- **$43m** Already met immediate requirements

**Immediate requirements by cluster**

- **Food** $24.2m
- **WASH** $17.9m
- **Health** $13.2m
- **Protection** $11.3m
- **Shelter and NFI** $5.9m
- **Education** $5.1m
- **Emergency Telecommunications** $2.9m
- **Healthcare** $2.6m
- **PEOPLE IN NEED** $60m

**PEOPLE IN NEED**

- 228,000 refugees
- 400,000 IDPs

**LOCATION IDPs XXX**

- Estimated IDPs in UN bases
- Estimated IDPs outside UN bases

**Creation date:** 04 January 2014

The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Final boundary between the Republic of South Sudan and Republic of Sudan has not yet been determined. Final status of the Abyei area is not yet determined.

*The total number of people displaced is likely higher, as aid agencies have very limited information about displacement outside main population centres.*