CARE USA and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements For the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

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For the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

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Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors Cooperative for Assistance and Relief Everywhere USA

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Cooperative for Assistance and Relief Everywhere, Inc. (CARE USA) and subsidiaries as of June 30, 2010 and 2009, and the related consolidated statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of CARE USA's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. We were not engaged to perform an audit of CARE USA's internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of CARE USA's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of CARE USA and subsidiaries as of June 30, 2010 and 2009, and the consolidated changes of their net assets and their cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles

December 17, 2010

Ernst + Young LLP

CARE USA Consolidated Balance Sheets As of June 30, 2010 and 2009 (in thousands)

	2010	2009
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 89,768	\$ 57,542
Restricted cash	9,006	-
Investments, at fair value (Note 5)	192,093	160,072
Receivables, net (Note 8)	27,178	17,092
Loans receivable, net (Note 9)	14,398	13,014
Inventory	10,001	11,889
Deposits and other assets (Note 10)	38,058	51,701
Property and equipment, net (Note 11)	14,543	16,526
Trusts held by third parties	96,862	89,286
Assets related to discontinued operations	<u> </u>	227,217
Total Assets	\$491,907	\$ 644,339
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 42,389	\$ 27,511
Program advances (Note 14)	57,718	66,312
Liability for split interest agreements	19,833	19,565
Benefits accrued for employees	30,938	29,137
Subsidiary loans payable (Note 15)	9,551	8,235
Minority interest in subsidiary	593	211
Liabilities related to discontinued operations	-	195,878
Total Liabilities	161,022	346,849
Commitments and Contingencies		
Net Assets		
Unrestricted	88,050	65,799
Temporarily restricted (Note 3)	127,993	124,362
Permanently restricted (Note 3)	114,842	107,329
Total Net Assets	330,885	297,490
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$491,907	\$ 644,339

Consolidated Statements of Activities (in thousands)

For the year ended June 30, 2010

Tor the year ended June 30, 2010	Un	restricted	mporarily estricted	rmanently estricted	Total 2010	Total 2009
Support	-				 _	
Private Support						
Contributions	\$	60,097	\$ 71,677	\$ 19	\$ 131,793	\$ 106,680
Public Information - PSA		14,651	-	-	14,651	-
CARE International		139,492	 -	 -	 139,492	 133,934
Total Private Support		214,240	 71,677	 19_	 285,936	 240,614
Government and other support						
U.S. government		198,871	-	-	198,871	274,867
Host governments		21,799	-	-	21,799	20,729
Others		61,633	 47	 -	 61,680	 79,223
Total Government and Other Support		282,303	 47	 -	 282,350	 374,819
Other Revenue						
Interest and dividends		9,590	1,982	-	11,572	12,016
Rent and miscellaneous		5,993	157	-	6,150	6,675
Total Other Revenue		15,583	2,139	_	17,722	18,691
Net assets released from restrictions						
Satisfaction of program restrictions		74,467	(74,467)	_	_	_
Total Operating Support and Revenue (Note 16)		586,593	 (604)	 19	 586,008	 634,124
			 (00.)		 	
Expenses						
Program		00.005			00.005	100 700
Emergency		99,835			99,835	108,793
Rehabilitation		19,733			19,733	29,934
Development Public Information		405,320 21,215			405,320 21,215	453,422 9,100
		21,213			21,215	9, 100
Supporting Activities		25 451			25 451	24.460
Fund raising		25,451 30,192			25,451 30,192	24,169 32,625
Management and general Total Operating Expenses	-	601,746	 	 _	601,746	 658,043
Operating Support and Revenue over Expenses		(15,153)	(604)	19	(15,738)	(23,919)
Other Negering Changes in Net Assets		, , ,	, ,		, , ,	,
Other Nonoperating Changes in Net Assets Minority interest in subsidiary income		(502)			(593)	4
•		(593)	(00)	-	, ,	
Foreign exchange gain (loss) Interest and dividends on gift annuity investments		(1,771) 835	(88)	-	(1,859) 835	300 941
Actuarial loss on annuity obligations			-	-	(1,154)	
Actuarial (loss)/gain on split interest agreements		(1,154) 24	(600)	-	(576)	(281) 509
Net realized and unrealized gain/(loss) on investments		3,081	4,923	-	8,004	(25,508)
Increase/(decrease) in value of trusts held by third parties		3,001	4,323	7,494	7,494	(22,983)
Total Changes in Net Assets before change in pension liability		(14,731)	3,631	7,494	(3,587)	 (70,937)
			-,	,		
Net change in pension liability Changes in net assets from continuing operations		(775) (15,506)	 3,631	 7,513	 (775) (4,362)	 (185) (71,122)
-		(-,)	-,	,3	(,/	· , · = - /
Discontinued operations Gain from operations of discontinued operations - Edyifcar						
		37 757			37 757	11 040
(including net income of \$3.8 million)		37,757	 2 624	 7 512	 37,757	 11,849
Changes in net assets		22,251	3,631	7,513	33,395	(59,273)
Net Assets, beginning of year		65,799	 124,362	 107,329	 297,490	 356,763
Net Assets, end of year	\$	88,050	\$ 127,993	\$ 114,842	\$ 330,885	\$ 297,490
	_			 	 	

Consolidated Statements of Activities (in thousands)

For the year ended June 30, 2009

	Unre	estricted_		mporarily estricted	manently estricted		Total 2009
Support					 		
Private Support	_		_			_	
CARE International	\$	62,344	\$	44,116	\$ 220	\$	106,680
CARE International Total Private Support		133,934 196,278		44,116	 220		133,934 240,614
	-	100,210		77,110	 		240,014
Government and other support		074 007					074.007
U.S. government		274,867 20,729		-	-		274,867 20,729
Host governments Others		79,223		_	_		79,223
Total Government and Other Support		374,819			 		374,819
Other Revenue Interest and dividends		8,905		3,111			12,016
Rent and miscellaneous		6,541		134	_		6,675
Total Other Revenue	-	15,446		3,245	 		18,691
		,		<u> </u>	 		. 5,551
Net assets released from restrictions		E0 007		(50.007)			
Satisfaction of program restrictions Revision of donor restrictions		59,097		(59,097) 2,000	(2,000)		-
Total net assets released from restrictions		59,097		(57,097)	 (2,000)		 _
Total Operating Support and Revenue (Note 16)		645,640		(9,736)	 (1,780)		634,124
Expenses							
Program							
Emergency		108,793					108,793
Rehabilitation		29,934					29,934
Development		453,422					453,422
Public Information Supporting Activities		9,100					9,100
Fund raising		24,169					24,169
Management and general		32,625					32,625
Total Operating Expenses		658,043		-	-		658,043
Operating Support and Revenue over Expenses		(12,403)		(9,736)	(1,780)		(23,919)
Other Nonoperating Changes in Net Assets							
Minority interest in subsidiary income		4		_	-		4
Foreign exchange gain		300		-	-		300
Interest and dividends on gift annuity investments		941		-	-		941
Actuarial loss on annuity obligations		(281)		-	-		(281)
Actuarial gain on split interest agreements		160		349	-		509
Net realized and unrealized loss on investments		(12,396)		(13,112)	- (22,022)		(25,508)
Decrease in value of trusts held by third parties Total Changes in Net Assets before change in pension liability		(23,675)		(22,499)	 (22,983) (24,763)		(22,983) (70,937)
				(22,400)	(24,700)		
Net change in pension liability		(185)		-	 		(185)
Changes in net assets from continuing operations		(23,860)		(22,499)	(24,763)		(71,122)
Discontinued operations							
Net Income from discontinued operations - Edyficar		11,849			 		11,849
Changes in net assets		(12,011)		(22,499)	(24,763)		(59,273)
Net Assets, beginning of year		77,810		146,861	 132,092		356,763
Net Assets, end of year	\$	65,799	\$	124,362	\$ 107,329	\$	297,490

Consolidated Statements of Functional Expenses (in thousands)

For the year ended June 30, 2010

					Program Activities Supporting Activities												
								Public				Fund	Ма	nagement		2010	2009
	Em	nergency	Reh	abilitation	De	velopment	_Inf	formation		Total		Raising	&	General	 Total	 Total	 Total
Personnel costs	\$	21,779	\$	5,368	\$	120,824	\$	3,908	\$	151,879	\$	7,112	\$	16,331	\$ 23,443	\$ 175,322	\$ 179,744
Professional services		1,356		574		19,298		957		22,185		2,992		4,603	7,595	29,780	31,513
Equipment		1,512		567		6,905		148		9,132		216		3,274	3,490	12,622	9,831
Materials and services		36,723		7,508		87,106		741		132,078		13,597		1,365	14,962	147,040	145,469
Travel and transportation		8,234		1,617		32,771		303		42,925		649		1,780	2,429	45,354	45,711
Occupancy		2,760		885		13,136		226		17,007		587		1,798	2,385	19,392	20,554
Financing/Depn/Misc.		224		766		13,865		176		15,031		40		521	561	15,592	7,840
Grants/Subgrants		3,823		2,448		97,596		73		103,940		156		21	177	104,117	117,867
AgCommodities/CIKs		23,424		-		13,819		32		37,275		102		499	601	37,876	99,514
Contributed advertising-PSA		-		-				14,651		14,651		-		-	 -	14,651	
Total Operating																 	
Expenses for 2010	\$	99,835	\$	19,733	\$	405,320	\$	21,215	\$	546,103	\$	25,451	\$	30,192	\$ 55,643	\$ 601,746	\$ 658,043

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Consolidated Statements of Functional Expenses (in thousands)

For the year ended June 30, 2009

	Program Activities										Supporting Activities							
								Public		_		Fund	Ма	anagement		_		2009
	En	nergency	Reh	abilitation	Dev	/elopment	<u>In</u>	formation		Total	F	Raising	8	& General		Total		Total
Personnel costs	\$	22.818	\$	8.766	\$	117.054	\$	5,662	\$	154,300	\$	7.230	\$	18,214	\$	25,444	\$	179,744
Professional services	Ψ	1,682	Ψ	853	Ψ	20,298	Ψ	1,551	Ψ	24,384	Ψ	1,808	Ψ	5,321	Ψ	7,129	Ψ	31,513
Equipment		1,759		534		6,015		218		8,526		63		1,242		1,305		9,831
Materials and services		41,746		9,133		78,567		1,141		130,587		12,997		1,885		14,882		145,469
Travel and transportation		6,007		2,482		34,266		343		43,098		490		2,123		2,613		45,711
Occupancy		2,885		1,330		14,087		110		18,412		547		1,595		2,142		20,554
Financing/Depn/Misc.		584		1,427		4,319		43		6,373		985		482		1,467		7,840
Grants/Subgrants		5,998		5,409		106,394		10		117,811		46		10		56		117,867
AgCommodities/CIKs		25,314		-		72,422		22		97,758		3		1,753		1,756		99,514
Total Operating												-						
Expenses for 2009	\$	108,793	\$	29,934	\$	453,422	\$	9,100	\$	601,249	\$	24,169	\$	32,625	\$	56,794	\$	658,043

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Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow (in thousands) For the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Changes in net assets	\$ 33,395	5 \$ (59,273)
Less Changes in net assets from discontinued operations	37,757	,
Changes in net assets from continuing operations	(4,362	
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by (used in)		
operating activities	4.70	F 406
Depreciation and amortization	4,734	•
Contributions restricted for investment in endowment Provision for subsidiary microcredit loan losses	(19 991	
Unrealized loss on derivative contracts	107	
Net realized and unrealized (gain)/loss on investments	(8,004	
Actuarial loss on annuity obligations	1,154	·
Actuarial loss/(gain) on split interest agreements	576	
(Increase)/Decrease in value of trusts held by third parties	(7,494	, ,
Changes in assets and liabilities	(,,,,,	,
(Increase)/Decrease in receivables	(10,086	3) 12,472
Decrease in inventory	1,888	·
Decrease in deposits and other assets	13,643	
Increase/(Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	14,878	
Decrease in program advances	(8,594	(56,542)
Increase/(Decrease) in benefits accrued for employees	1,801	(2,151)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	1,213	(51,475)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	/. 	·
Purchases of investments	(157,419	
Proceeds from sales of investments	133,402	
Purchases of property and equipment	(6,314	
Proceeds from sales of property and equipment	3,563	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(26,768	3) 11,030
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from contributions restricted for investment in endowment	19	220
Increase in loans receivable	(2,375	
Proceeds from sale of subsidiary	73,841	
Increase in subsidiary loans payable	1,316	
(Decrease)/Increase in minority interest in subsidiary	382	
Payments to gift annuitants	(2,353	
Increase/(Decrease) in liability for split interest agreements	891	(337)
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) financing activities	71,721	(41)
CARL ELONO EDOM DICCONTINUED ODERATIONO		
CASH FLOWS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS:	(0.004	7.000
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(2,801	·
Net cash (used in) investing activities Net cash (used in) financing activities	(442 (1,691	
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) discontinued operations	(4,934	
net cash and cash equivalents provided by (asea in) discontinued operations	(4,55	(12,010)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	41,232	(52,804)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	57,542	2 110,346
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	\$ 98,774	
·		
Noncash Contributions	\$ 9,282	2 \$ 8,402
Cash paid for interest	\$ 5,498	<u>\$ 14,979</u>

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Organization

The Cooperative for Assistance and Relief Everywhere, Inc. ("CARE USA or the Organization") is a not-for-profit organization formed in 1945 under the laws of the District of Columbia. Its headquarters are located in Atlanta, Georgia. CARE USA operates programs in nearly 60 countries throughout Africa, Asia, Europe and South America. CARE USA's mission is to serve individuals and families in the poorest communities in the world. CARE USA promotes innovative solutions and is an advocate for global responsibility. CARE USA attempts to facilitate lasting change by:

- Strengthening capacity for self-help;
- Providing economic opportunity;
- Delivering relief in emergencies;
- Influencing policy decisions at all levels; and
- Addressing discrimination in all its forms.

CARE USA is a member of CARE International, an umbrella organization that coordinates the program activities of the CARE International member organizations. In the regular course of its operations, CARE USA makes certain grants to CARE International and its member organizations and receives certain funding from members of CARE International.

As a result of the sale of Edyficar (a for profit corporation in Peru in which CARE USA owned 77% of the outstanding shares), CARE USA's financial statements have been prepared with the net assets, results of operations, and cash flows of the Edyficar presented as discontinued operations. All historical statements have been restated to conform to this presentation.

CARE USA operates a variety of projects including:

Agriculture and Natural Resources

Includes, but is not limited to: sustainable activities to increase crops, livestock and fish production for income and consumption, post-harvest activities and supporting services and input systems.

Basic and Girls' Education

Includes, but is not limited to: reducing barriers to school attendance, improving the quality of instruction and integrating life-skills into literacy and other non-formal education activities.

Children's Health

Includes, but is not limited to: prevention (e.g. malaria and pneumonia), immunization, nutrition (e.g. breastfeeding, complementary feeding, and addressing micronutrient deficiencies), early childhood development, and HIV prevention and support for children who already are infected.

Reproductive Health

Includes, but is not limited to: addressing inequitable gender and sexual norms, family planning, maternal and newborn health services, and prevention, detection and prevention and management of sexually transmitted infections.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Organization (continued)

HIV/AIDS

Includes, but is not limited to: prevention of new infections (reducing incidence); access to quality, testing and treatment (anti-retroviral); care and support to adults and children (age appropriate); reduction of stigma and discrimination that accompanies HIV and AIDS; reduction of vulnerabilities attributable to increasing the risk of HIV and AIDS and mitigating the impact of HIV and AIDS in adults and children infected and affected by HIV and AIDS.

Water and Sanitation

Includes, but is not limited to: access to water supplies, local management of watersheds, hygiene education, sanitation, solid waste management and crop irrigation.

Integrated and Other Health

Includes a combination of the above health sectors, with none predominant and/or other health interventions not covered above, such as prevention of chronic and infectious diseases (e.g. tuberculosis) or strengthening or reforming health systems.

Nutritional Support

Includes, but is not limited to: feeding of children under age 5, food distribution and on-site feeding, feeding of pregnant or lactating women, feeding of school children and general feeding (such as in relief situations).

Infrastructure

Includes roads, bridges, buildings, shelters and other construction or maintenance (commonly done through food-for-work or cash-for-work).

Small Economic Activity Development

Includes, but is not limited to: finance-related services such as loans to individuals, loans to solidarity or other community groups, savings programs, business development, business management training, technical training and marketing. Also induces market engagement work, with a particular focus on agriculture and livestock value chains.

Multi-Sector and Other

Multi-sector projects include activities related to three or more sectors, none of which is predominant. Other includes certain activities that cannot be classified in any of the sectors described above. Examples are logistical support not related to infrastructure or nutrition programs during emergencies, and land mine awareness and removal activities.

Certain information concerning CARE USA's affiliates and subsidiaries is as follows:

SEED Finance is a for profit affiliate located in the Philippines. It is primarily engaged in providing micro-credit loans to Filipino individuals and organizations.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Organization (continued)

MOFAD is a non-profit affiliate operating in Afghanistan. It is primarily engaged in providing micro-credit loans to Afghan individuals and organizations.

CARE India Trust is a non-profit affiliate operating in India. It is primarily engaged in administering health and nutrition programs funded by the Indian government.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of CARE USA and its subsidiaries that are consolidated in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated. Consolidated subsidiaries include SEED Finance, MOFAD, and CARE India Trust. Gains and losses from the translation of foreign currency financial statements are recorded in the consolidated statements of activities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to cash on demand without penalty, and having maturities of three months or less, when purchased, with the exception of cash held for reinvestment which is included in investments.

Cash and cash equivalents held in the United States are insured according to FDIC regulations. The majority of cash and cash equivalents are held in accounts with balances exceeding the insured limit. Cash amounts maintained overseas are largely uninsured. Cash and cash equivalents held in the United States were \$48.3 million (including \$9 million restricted cash held in escrow per Edyficar sale agreement in pursuance any future liability) and \$15.7 million, respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009. Cash and cash equivalents held outside the United States were \$50.4 million and \$41.8 million, respectively for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.

In addition, certain donors require certain cash be held in separate accounts. Donor restricted cash accounts totaled \$20.3 million and \$18.7 million for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value. Investment income and net appreciation (depreciation) on investments of donor restricted amounts are reported as follows:

- As increases in permanently restricted net assets if the terms of the gift or relevant state law require that they be added back to the principal of the permanently restricted contributions.
- As increases (decreases) in temporarily restricted net assets if the terms of the gift or state law impose restrictions on the current use of the investment income or net appreciation (depreciation).
- As increases (decreases) in unrestricted net assets in all other cases.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Charitable gift annuities are maintained in separate portfolios and are invested in accordance with applicable laws for such monies. CARE USA maintains assets sufficient to meet the annuity requirements stipulated by the various state laws.

Receivables

Receivables represent grants and contracts receivables, ocean freight receivable from the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) and contributions receivables.

Grants and contracts receivable are expected to be collected within one year and are recorded at net realizable value.

Ocean freight receivables and a corresponding liability due to the freight line are recorded when agricultural commodities are shipped to their destination port. These amounts are due from the USAID.

Contributions receivable that are expected to be collected within one year are recorded at net realizable value. Contributions receivable that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at fair value based on the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Prior to the year ended June 30, 2009, the discount rate represents the risk free rate of return at the origination of the pledge as was determined using the rate for U.S. treasury securities. For the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, the discount rate represents the rate of return that is commensurate with the risk associated with the ultimate collection of the receivables at the origination of the pledge. The discount is amortized using an effective yield over the expected collection period of the receivables.

Loans Receivable

Microcredit loans receivable are recorded in the consolidated balance sheets at their unpaid principal amounts adjusted for the net unamortized deferred loan origination costs and fees and allowance for possible losses. Interest income is accrued based on the outstanding principal amount and contractual terms of each individual loan. The accrual of interest is discontinued when, in management's judgment, it is determined that the collectability of interest or principal is doubtful.

Microcredit loans receivable represents credit services for rural and urban micro-enterprises. The balance is net of the allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1.4 million and approximately \$400,000, respectively, for the years end June 30, 2010 and 2009. The allowance for loan losses is maintained at such level that in management's best judgment is sufficient to cover potential losses in the loan portfolio at the consolidated balance sheet dates. Management considers the loan loss factors as well as delinquencies over 60 days in determining the allowance.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The allowance is based on assessments of certain factors, including historical loan loss experience of similar types of loans, CARE USA's loan loss experience, the amount of past due and nonperforming loans, specific known risks, and current and anticipated economic and interest rate conditions. Evaluation of these factors involves subjective estimates and judgments that may change. Additions to the allowance are provided through a reduction to net assets. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance.

Inventory

Inventories are stated at lower of cost or market and include supplies and agricultural commodities ("commodities"). Cost is determined using the weighted average method.

CARE USA receives commodities from agencies of the U.S. government, the United Nations and others for the following: distribution via CARE USA projects, monetization with the cash proceeds to be used in CARE USA projects, or monetization with the proceeds to be distributed to other nonprofit organizations.

Inventory includes all commodities in which title has passed, regardless of whether the commodities are in transit from the United States or held in storage in primary warehouses at the intended recipient country.

For commodities to be distributed, revenue and expense are recognized when the commodities are distributed.

For commodities to be monetized, revenue and expense are recognized when the proceeds are utilized for the related project activities or distributed to other nonprofit organizations.

Deposits and Other Assets

Deposits and other assets include sub grantee advances to partner organizations, project advances to project managers, receivables from CARE International members, equity investments, and other miscellaneous assets.

Sub grantee advances are recorded when cash is forwarded to the partner organization. As the sub grantee performs in accordance with the grant objectives and expense reports are submitted, the receivable is reduced and the related income and expense are recognized.

CARE USA owns a 45% non-controlling interest in MicroVest General Partner Holding Company. In addition, CARE USA has non-controlling interest in MicroVest I and II, Limited Partnerships of 29.7% and 9.18% respectively. The investments are accounted for using the equity method.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost if purchased. Contributions of long-lived assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of receipt and are recorded as unrestricted support unless the use of such contributed assets is restricted by a donor-imposed restriction.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

If donors contribute long-lived assets with stipulations as to how long the assets must be used or with any other restrictions, such contributions are recorded as temporarily restricted support.

CARE USA does not imply time restrictions on contributions of long lived assets (or of other assets restricted to the purchase of long-lived assets) received without donor stipulations about how long the contributed assets must be used. As a result, contributions of cash and other assets restricted to the acquisition of long-lived assets are reported as temporarily restricted revenue that increases temporarily restricted net assets; those restrictions expire when the long-lived assets are placed in service.

The costs of software licenses and associated consulting costs, installation costs and the payroll costs of employees directly associated with the project are capitalized. The costs of software maintenance, training and data conversion are expensed in the period incurred.

Depreciation is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The estimated useful lives are fifteen years for building, five to seven years for building improvements, three to five years for equipment and software, and five years for leasehold improvements, or the life of the lease, if less than five years. Capitalized leases are amortized over the life of the lease or the estimated life of the asset, whichever is shorter.

Trusts Held by Third Parties

Trusts held by third parties include amounts related to both charitable remainder trusts and perpetual trusts. Accounting standards require that these instruments be recorded at their fair values.

Charitable Remainder Trusts

Donors have established and funded trusts under which specified distributions are to be made to a designated beneficiary or beneficiaries over the trust's term. Upon termination of the trust, CARE USA receives the assets remaining in the trust. Trusts are recorded at fair value. Fair value is determined based on contributions from split interest agreements at fair value of trust assets, less the present value of the estimated future payments to be made to other beneficiaries under the specific terms of the trust. The present value of the estimated future payments was discounted at an average rate of 6.3% in 2010 and 2009.

Perpetual Trusts

CARE USA is the beneficiary of certain perpetual irrevocable trusts held and administered by independent trustees. Under the terms of the trusts, CARE USA has the irrevocable right to receive the income earned on the trust assets in perpetuity. The fair value is recognized as an asset and as a permanently restricted contribution at the date the trust is established. The estimate of fair value is based on fair value information received from the trustees. Gains and losses, which are not distributed by the trusts, are reflected as permanently restricted gains or losses in the consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Charitable Gift Annuities

Donors have contributed assets to CARE USA in exchange for a promise by CARE USA to pay a fixed amount or percentage for a specified period of time to the donor or to individuals or organizations designated by the donor. Under the terms of such agreements, the assets received are recorded as assets and included in investments and the related annuity liability is an obligation of CARE USA. The liability is recorded at the present value of expected future payments based on Table 90 CM issued by the Internal Revenue Service. The obligations have been discounted at rates ranging from 3.4% to 11.3%.

Program Advances

Program advances relate to cash received directly from government and nongovernmental agencies, proceeds received from monetization, and inventory related to distribution and monetization commodities.

Accounting for Contributions

All contributions are considered to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Amounts received that are restricted for future periods or are restricted by the donor for specific purposes or in perpetuity are reported as temporarily restricted or permanently restricted support that increases those net asset classes. Gifts or contributions with restrictions that are met prior to fiscal year-end are classified as unrestricted net assets.

A donor restriction expires when a stipulated time restriction ends or when a purpose restriction is accomplished. Upon expiration, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and are reported in the consolidated statements of activities as satisfaction of program restrictions.

Permanently restricted net assets reflect the principal amount of contributions accepted with the stipulation from the donor that the principal be maintained in perpetuity. The investment income may be expended for a purpose specified by the donor or other general purposes and is reflected as temporarily restricted revenue.

Grant Revenue

Grant revenue on cost-reimbursement grants or contracts is recognized by CARE USA when the program expenditures have been incurred and is reflected as government and other support in the consolidated financial statements. Certain direct support from government agencies is subject to independent audit under the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133 and review by grantor agencies.

Management is aware of approximately \$23.6 million of questioned costs resulting from various audits. To date, USAID is reviewing supporting documentation related to \$11.2 million of this amount submitted by management.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

This review is not complete at this time. No estimate can be made of the possible range of loss, if any, related to these questioned costs. Based on prior experience, CARE USA believes that cost ultimately disallowed, if any, would not materially affect the consolidated financial position of CARE USA.

Nonfood Gifts-in-Kind

Gifts-in-kind received for use in assistance programs that meet the criteria for recognition are recorded at estimated fair value when received.

In countries where CARE USA operates, government and local communities supply labor, technical services, materials, transportation and storage facilities to the programs in which they participate. The value of these gifts is generally not recorded in the consolidated financial statements as they do not meet the criteria for revenue recognition.

Revolving Loan Fund

Revolving funds contributed by donors are expensed when initially loaned to project participants and revenue is recognized as these transactions are exchange transactions. A contract payable equivalent to the amount of the principal is set up to establish a revolving fund that will be made available for use in the project. This liability is converted to an unrestricted net asset if the donor releases all claims against the assets.

Foreign Currency Translation

The U.S. dollar ("dollars") is the functional currency for CARE USA's operations worldwide. Transactions in currencies other than dollars are translated into dollars at the rates of exchange in effect during the month of the transaction. Property and equipment purchased with non-U.S. currency are translated into US dollars at the exchange rate in effect at the time of purchase. Current assets and liabilities denominated in non-U.S. currency are translated into dollars at the exchange rate in effect at the date of the consolidated balance sheets. Net transaction and translation gains and losses are included in the accompanying consolidated statements of activities in the non-operating section as Foreign Currency Exchange Gain or Loss.

Foreign Exchange Contracts

Foreign currency forward contracts are designed to mitigate, over time, a portion of the impact of exchange rate changes on cash flows. These contracts are recorded at their fair value and changes in fair value are recognized, and recorded as foreign exchange gains or losses. The principal amount of the outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts at June 30, 2010 was \$ 2.5 million. CARE USA had no forward contracts at June 30, 2009. CARE USA enters into foreign exchange contracts to hedge against foreign accounts payable. These hedged transactions are expected to occur at various dates during the next 12 months.

Operating and Non-operating Results

Operating Support and Revenue and Operating Expenses reflect the normal income and expense from receiving and using resources for program activities and support functions.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Other Non-operating Changes in Net Assets reflect activities not central to the Organization's mission including actuarial changes in value and realized and unrealized gains and losses.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

CARE USA financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, investments, receivables, loans receivable, trusts held by third parties, accounts payable and accrued expenses, liability for split-interest agreements and subsidiary loans payable.

Receivables are recorded at net realizable value which approximates fair value. Investments and trusts held by third parties are recorded at their fair values based on quoted market prices or other relevant market data. Annuities and charitable remainder trusts are recorded at net present value which approximates fair value. All other financial instruments are stated at cost which approximates fair value.

Tax Status

CARE USA is a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c) (3) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") and is therefore exempt from federal taxation under Section 501(a) of the IRC. In addition, under IRC Section 509(a) (1), CARE USA is a public charity and, thus, donations to CARE USA qualify for the maximum allowable charitable deduction. CARE USA's subsidiaries SEED Finance, MOFAD, and CARE India Trust are tax-exempt in the countries they are incorporated.

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* (ASC 740) ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return when these is uncertainty about whether a tax position will ultimately be sustained upon examination. CARE USA has adopted the recognition and disclosure provisions of FIN 48 for its fiscal year ending June 30, 2010. There was no financial statement impact of adopting FIN 48.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassification

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to current year financial statements presentation. These reclassifications had no impact on the Total Net Assets.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fair Value Measurements

CARE USA records certain assets at fair value. Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Additionally, the inputs used to measure fair value are prioritized based on a three level hierarchy. This hierarchy requires entities to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

Level 1: Valuation based on quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities to which an entity has access at measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs and information other than quoted market prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include:

- a. Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets
- b. Quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active
- c. Observable inputs other than quoted prices for the asset or liability
- d. Inputs derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data by correlation or by other means.

Level 3: Valuation is generated from model-based techniques that use at least one significant assumption not observable in the market. These unobservable assumptions reflect estimates that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

Observable inputs reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed from sources independent of the reporting entity; and unobservable inputs reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances.

3. Description of Net Asset Designations and Restriction

The donor-imposed restriction (listed under Temporarily Restricted and Permanently Restricted) of Net Assets as of June 30 are listed below (in thousands):

	T	emporarily	/ Res	stricted	Р	ermanentl	y Re	stricted
		2010		2009		2010		2009
Africa	\$	429	\$	352	\$	512	\$	512
Agriculture and Natural Resources		5,693		4,811		-		-
Basic and Girls' Education		22,356		23,869		-		-
Emergency Response		23,762		16,795		1,006		1,006
Multi-Sector and Other		35,904		33,059		-		-
Reproductive Health		9,107		9,686		-		-
Rehabilitation		208		1,843		-		-
Signature Programs		9,019		2,059		-		-
Small Economic Activity Development		1,909		2,434		-		-
Water and Sanitation		7,157		13,378		-		-
Time Restricted		12,449		16,076		113,324		105,811
Total	\$	127,993	\$	124,362	\$	114,842	\$	107,329

4. Endowment

CARE USA's endowment consists of approximately nine individual funds established for a variety of purposes. Its endowment only includes donor-restricted endowment funds. As required by U.S. GAAP, net assets associated with endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Interpretation of Relevant Law

CARE USA has interpreted the State Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (SPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, CARE USA classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund.

The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the organization in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by SPMIFA. In accordance with SPMIFA, CARE USA considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

(1) The duration and preservation of the fund;

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

4. Endowment (continued)

- (2) The purposes of the organization and the donor-restricted endowment fund;
- (3) General economic conditions;
- (4) The possible effect of inflation and deflation;
- (5) The expected total return from income and the appreciation and depreciation of investments;
- (6) Other resources of CARE USA; and
- (7) The investment policies of CARE USA.

The changes in endowment assets for the year ended June 30, 2010 are as follows (in thousands):

	Unrestricted		porarily stricted	nanently stricted	 Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	-	\$ 9,793	\$ 18,305	\$ 28,098
Investment income		113	445	-	558
Net apprecation: (realized and unrealized)		(231)	 888		657
Total investment return Contributions Appropriation of endowment assets for		(118) -	1,333 -	- -	1,215 -
expenditure Endowment net assets, end of year		(118)	\$ (1,031) 10,095	\$ 18,305	\$ (1,031) 28,282

The changes in endowment assets for the year ended June 30, 2009 are as follows (in thousands):

	Unres	tricted	porarily stricted	nanently stricted	Total	
Endowment net assets, beginning of year Net assets reclassification based on change	\$	-	\$ 2,842	\$ 20,305	\$	23,147
in law			 11,556	 		11,556
Endowment net asset after reclassification		-	14,398	20,305		34,703
Investment income		-	1,082	-		1,082
Contributions		-	-	-		-
Appropriation of endowment assets for						
expenditure		-	-	-		-
Net depreciation: (realized and unrealized)		-	(5,687)	-		(5,687)
Transfer of AES to Temporarily Restricted as						
a result of revised donor agreement		-	-	(2,000)		(2,000)
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$	-	\$ 9,793	\$ 18,305	\$	28,098

4. Endowment (continued)

Description of amount classified as permanently restricted net assets and temporarily restricted net assets (Endowment only) (in thousands):

	 2010	 2009
Permanently Restricted Net Assets: The portion of perpetual endowment funds required to be retained permanently either by		
explicit donor stipulation or by UPMIFA	\$ 18,305	\$ 18,305
Total Endowment funds classified as Permanently Restricted Net Assets	\$ 18,305	\$ 18,305
Temporarily Restricted Net Assets:		
Term endowment funds		
The portion of perpetual endowment funds subject to time restriction under UPMIFA		
Without purpose restrictions	\$ 6,487	\$ 5,424
With purpose restrictions	3,608	4,369
Total Endowment funds classified as Temporarily Restricted Net Assets	\$ 10,095	\$ 9,793

Investment Policy

CARE USA has an investment policy specific to the Endowment Fund, which is monitored by the Investment Committee of its Board of Directors. The policy states that CARE USA will annually allocate five percent (5%) of the three-year (3 year) average of the fair market value from investment earnings to be spent on operations, unless otherwise specified by the donor. The objective of this policy is to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment funds held in perpetuity or for a specified term as well as to provide additional real growth through new gifts and investment return. Endowment Fund assets include those assets of donor-restricted funds that CARE USA must hold in perpetuity.

The investment policy describes the objective for the fund and sets ranges for asset allocation. Asset allocations are determined in accordance with the purpose and restrictions of each specific fund. The objective of the Endowment Fund is to earn the highest possible total return consistent with a level of risk suitable for these assets. At a minimum, long-term rates of return should be equal to an amount sufficient to maintain the purchasing power of these assets and provide necessary capital to fund the spending policy. Actual returns in any given year may vary. In light of this requirement, the portfolio is constructed using a total return approach with a significant portion of the funds invested to seek growth of principal over time. The assets are invested for the long term, and a higher short-term volatility in these assets is to be expected and accepted.

4. Endowment (continued)

The following is a summary of the asset allocation guidelines, with allowable ranges for each asset type in 2010.

Asset Category	Minimum	Maximum	Target
Cash	0%	10%	0%
Fixed Income	35%	50%	40%
Equity	40%	65%	60%

CARE USA utilized the spending policy authorized by the Board of Directors for disbursement of \$1 million to be use in CARE USA operations.

5. Investments

Investments at June 30 were comprised of the following (in thousands):

		;	2010				2009	1
				Fair				Fair
		Cost		Value		Cost		Value
U.S.Treasury obligations	\$	27,307	\$	28,499	\$	24,995	\$	25,346
Mutual funds	Ψ	90,606	Ψ	82,949	Ψ	80,409	Ψ	69,010
Marketable equity securities		37,274		36,099		36,049		29,284
Marketable debt securities		22,628		23,781		17,308		17,128
Money market funds		19,424		19,424		15,577		15,577
Overseas time deposits		1,341		1,341		3,727		3,727
	\$	198,580	\$	192,093	\$	178,065	\$	160,072

CARE USA's investments are diversified across strategies, managers and geography. There are no significant concentrations of market risk in as much as the investment portfolio is diversified among issuers.

Management fees and expenses of \$477,983 and \$485,325, respectively, for the years ending June 30, 2010 and 2009, are netted against investment income.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

5. Investments (continued)

Total return on cash balances, investments and the trusts held by third parties was as follows for the year ended June 30, 2010 (in thousands):

	Unre					Total 2010	Total 2009
Dividends and interest included in operating revenue	\$	9,590	\$	1,982	\$ -	\$ 11,572	\$ 12,016
Dividends and interest on gift annuity investments		835		-	-	835	941
Net realized gains/(losses)		(2,037)		(839)	-	(2,876)	(6,994)
Change in net unrealized gains/(losses)		5,118		5,762	-	10,880	(18,514)
Net change in value of trusts held by third parties		-			 7,494	7,494	(22,983)
Total return on cash balances, investments & trusts held by third parties	\$	13,506	\$	6,905	\$ 7,494	\$ 27,905	\$ (35,534)

Total return on cash balances, investments and the trusts held by third parties was as follows for the year ended June 30, 2009 (in thousands):

	Unrestricted		Temporarily Restricted		Permanently Restricted		Total 2009
	0111	estricted		- Stricted	-100	- Stricted	
Dividends and interest included in operating revenue	\$	8,905	\$	3,111	\$	-	\$ 12,016
Dividends and interest on gift annuity investments		941		-		-	941
Net realized gains/(losses)		(1,959)		(5,035)		-	(6,994)
Change in net unrealized gains/(losses)		(10,437)		(8,077)		-	(18,514)
Net change in value of trusts held by third parties		-		_		(22,983)	(22,983)
Total return on cash balances, investments &							
trusts held by third parties	\$	(2,550)	\$	(10,001)	\$	(22,983)	\$ (35,534)

6. Fair Value Measurements

The following table presents the assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2010 (in thousands):

	_		_		T 10			ir Value
	I	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	Mea	asurement
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	89,768	\$	-		-	\$	89,768
Restricted Cash		9,006		-		-		9,006
Investments:								
U.S.Treasury obligations		13,378		15,121		-		28,499
Mutual funds		82,949		-		-		82,949
Marketable equity securities		36,099		-		-		36,099
Marketable debt securities		13,050		10,731		-		23,781
Money market funds		19,424		-		-		19,424
Overseas time deposits				1,341				1,341
Total Investments		164,900		27,193		-		192,093
Trust held by third parties				95,923		939		96,862
Total Assets	\$	263,674	\$	123,116	\$	939	\$	387,729
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Derivatives	\$		\$		\$	2,441	\$	2,441
Total Liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,441	\$	2,441

6. Fair Value Measurement (continued)

The following table presents the assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2009 (in thousands):

							Fa	ir Value	
	Level 1		L	Level 2 Lev		Level 3 Meas		surement	
<u>Assets</u>									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	57,542	\$	-		-	\$	57,542	
Investments:									
U.S.Treasury obligations		8,473		16,873		-		25,346	
Mutual funds		69,010		-		-		69,010	
Marketable equity securities		29,284		-		-		29,284	
Marketable debt securities		14,623		2,505		-		17,128	
Money market funds		15,577		-		-		15,577	
Overseas time deposits				3,727				3,727	
Total Investments		136,967		23,105		-		160,072	
Trust held by third parties				88,172		1,114		89,286	
Total Assets	\$	194,509	\$ 1	111,277	\$	1,114	\$	306,900	
<u>Liabilities</u>									
Derivatives	\$		\$		\$	2,575	\$	2,575	
Total Liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,575	\$	2,575	

Derivatives are made up of forwards contracts whose purpose is to hedge Euro exchange rates. Gross realized and unrealized gains and losses was \$107,000 for the year ended June 30, 2010 and for the year ended June 30, 2009, the realized and unrealized gains and losses were not significant.

7. Discontinued Operations

CARE USA completed the sale of Edyficar on October 14, 2009 for approximately \$74 million. An escrow account of \$9 million was funded to satisfy any future liability by CARE USA pursuant to the purchase agreement. The recognized gain on the sale was \$37.8 million (including \$3.8 million of net income for the period of July 1, to October 14, 2009). Summarized financial information for discontinued operations before consolidation is as follows: (in thousands)

	Jun	e 30, 2009
Assets		·
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,573
Loans receivable, net		201,231
Other assets		6,011
Property and equipment, net		8,978
Total Assets	\$	228,793
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	22,555
Loans payable		164,943
Total Liabilities		187,498
Commitments and contingencies		
Retained earnings and stockholder's equity		41,295
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$	228,793

A summary of the operating results for the discontinued operations before consolidation is as follows:

	Jul	- Oct 2009	Year ended		
	2010			2009	
Program Income					
Interest and other income	\$	26,144	\$	65,931	
Interest expense		4,766		14,192	
Net interest income		21,378		51,739	
Less: Provision for loan losses		1,982		3,674	
Net interest income after provision for loan losses		19,396		48,065	
General and administrative expenses		14,333		35,020	
Net Income	\$	5,063	\$	13,045	

8. Receivables, net

Receivables, net at June 30 were comprised of the following (in thousands):

	2010	 2009
Grants and contracts receivable	\$ 23,731	\$ 9,033
Ocean freight receivable from USAID	24	193
Contributions receivable	4,347	8,812
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(924)	 (946)
	\$ 27,178	\$ 17,092

As of June 30, 2010 the expected future cash flows from receivable are as follows (in thousands):

Due in one year or less	\$ 22,952
Due in one year through five years	 4,347
	27,299
Less: discount	(121)
	\$ 27,178

Conditional Pledges

Pledges are recognized as revenue when the donor makes a promise to give in substance, and collection is reasonably assured. CARE USA had \$28.4 million conditional pledges at June 30, 2010 and \$48.9 million at June 30, 2009.

9. Loans Receivable

Loans receivable, net at June 30 were concentrated in the following entities (in thousands):

	2010	 2009
CARE	\$ 7,998	\$ 6,647
SEED Finance	6,089	4,317
MOFAD	1,711	2,449
Other	1_	11
	15,799	13,424
Less:		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,401)	(410)
	\$ 14,398	\$ 13,014

Microcredit loans are comprised of variable and fixed rate loans with individuals and other microcredit lending institutions. The loans bear interest at rates generally ranging from 7.25% to 12% per annum with original maturities ranging up to 5 years. There is no collateral for these loans.

9. Loans Receivable (continued)

In the event that an individual is unable to repay its loan according to its original schedule, CARE USA pursues collection and workout plans including interest only payments, reduced payments, and moratorium on payment, depending on the individual's circumstances.

It is CARE USA's preference not to provide any concession which reduces the loan's yield; however, there are some situations that warrant discontinuing interest payments for a certain period of time. Generally, CARE USA discontinues interest accrual for all loans on which collection of interest is not reasonably expected. Interest income on nonaccrual loans is recognized on a cash basis. Loans are returned to accrual status when all principal and interest amounts contractually due are brought current and future payments are reasonably assured.

Activity in the allowance for possible loan losses on microcredit loans is as follows for the year ended June 30 (*in thousands*):

	2010		 2009
Allowance for doubtful accounts beginning of year	\$	(410)	\$ (49)
Additions		(991)	(623)
Write-offs		-	262
Allowance for doubtful accounts end of year	\$	(1,401)	\$ (410)

Under ASC 310, *Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan*, a loan is considered impaired when, based on current information, it is probable that CARE USA will not receive all amounts due in accordance with the contractual terms of the underlying loan agreement. The fair value of the loan is then compared with the recorded investment in the loan to determine whether or not a specific reserve is necessary. CARE USA's recorded investment in loans that are considered to be impaired was \$1.4 million for the year ended June 30, 2010. The related allowance for credit losses for all impaired loans was \$1.4 million as of June 30, 2010. CARE USA's average recorded investment in impaired loans was approximately \$2.5 million during the year ended June 30, 2010 and approximately \$3.5 million during the year ended June 30, 2009.

10. Deposits and Other Assets

Deposits and other assets at June 30 were comprised of the following (in thousands):

	2010	 2009
Deposits:		
Subgrantee and project advances	\$ 15,439	\$ 29,144
Investment in MicroVest	5,897	5,462
Accrued interest/dividends	336	378
Receivable from CARE International Members	3,619	4,656
Prepaid expenses	3,843	4,812
Travel advances	1,449	1,507
Advances	1,681	1,408
Other receivables	 5,794	 4,334
	\$ 38,058	\$ 51,701

11. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are as follows at June 30 (in thousands):

	2010	2009
Land	\$ 3,235	\$ 3,235
Buildings and building improvements	11,092	11,092
Vehicles, equipment and software	25,855	24,029
Leasehold improvements	1,147	1,164
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	(26,786)	(22,994)
	\$ 14,543	\$ 16,526

Depreciation expense was \$4.7 million and \$5.5 million, respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.

Unamortized internal use software costs were \$98,000 and \$2.5 million, respectively for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.

12. Defined Contribution Plans

Effective January 1, 1992, CARE USA adopted a defined contribution plan for employees who meet certain eligibility conditions. Within the various countries in which CARE USA operates outside the United States, most employees are citizens of the host country. These employees are generally not eligible for the CARE USA defined contribution plan, but they are eligible for local government or CARE USA-sponsored plans appropriate for that country.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

12. Defined Contribution Plans (continued)

These plans generally require payment to the employee at time of employment termination. The payments are calculated based on the number of years employed. There are certain host country nationals who do not meet the eligibility conditions for the CARE USA defined contribution plan. These employees participate in the CARE USA Retirement Savings Plan for Nonresident Alien Employees. Under both the resident and nonresident plan, CARE USA contributes to a participant's account an amount equal to 8 percent of the participant's gross salary and, if the participant qualifies, a supplemental contribution is also made. The plan allows employee aftertax contributions.

The plan was amended, effective January 1, 1997, to also allow employee pre-tax contributions. All contributions by employees are invested in various funds within the plan. Employer contributions were \$3 million and \$3.2 million, respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, and employee contributions were \$2.1 million and \$2.5 million, respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.

13. Postretirement Benefits

CARE USA provides certain health care and life insurance benefits to eligible retired employees. CARE USA provides Medicare supplemental coverage to eligible retirees who have reached age 65. In addition, CARE USA provides retirees under age 65 with the option to continue medical coverage until age 65, if the retiree contributes a portion of the premium. Generally, the medical plans pay a percentage of most medical expenses reduced for a deductible and payments made by government programs. The plans are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

CARE USA accrues the cost of providing postretirement benefits, including medical and life insurance coverage, during the active service period of the employee.

CARE USA expects contributions to be equal to benefit payments for the year ending June 30, 2010.

The measurement date is June 30. The following table sets forth the postretirement benefit obligation reconciled to the accrued postretirement benefit cost recognized in CARE USA's consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2010 (in thousands):

13. Postretirement Benefits (continued)

		2010		2009
Changes in benefit obligation				
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$	2,184	\$	2,147
Service cost		91		84
Interest cost		137		136
Participant contributions		164		149
Benefits paid		(564)		(517)
Actuarial gain		775		185
Benefit obligation at end of year		2,787		2,184
Changes in plan assets				
Employer contributions		400		368
Participant contributions		164		149
Benefits paid		(564)		(517)
Fair value of plan assets at end of year		-		-
Funded status				
Funded status at the end of the year		(2,787)		(2,184)
Net amount recognized in the consolidated balance sheet	\$	(2,787)	\$	(2,184)
Amount not yet reflected in net periodic benefit cost and expected to be amortized in next year's net periodic benefit cost:				
Prior service cost	\$	(1)	\$	(1)
Accumulated loss	*	(33)	•	-
	\$	(34)	\$	(1)
Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheet consist	st of:			
Benefits accrued - Post retirement	\$	(2,787)	\$	(2,184)
Net amount recognized in the consolidated balance sheet	\$	(2,787)	\$	(2,184)
	<u>Ψ</u>	(2,101)	<u> </u>	(2,104)
Amounts not yet reflected in net periodic benefit cost and included in unrestricted net assets				
Prior service cost	\$	(8)	\$	(9)
Accumulated gain (loss)		(742)		33
Change in unrestricted net assets		(750)		24
Cumulative employer contributions in excess of net periodic				
benefit cost		(2,038)		(2,208)
Net amount recognized in the consolidated balance sheet	\$	(2,787)	\$	(2,184)

13. Postretirement Benefits (continued)

Components of net periodic benefit cost	20	010	2009
Service cost	\$	91	\$ 84
Interest cost		137	136
Amortization of prior service cost		1	1
Amortization of net gain		-	 (3)
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	229	\$ 218

Weighted-average assumptions as of June 30 used in determining obligations

	2010	2009
Discount rate	4.95%	6.55%

Weighted-average assumptions as of June 30 used in determining net periodic benefit cost

	2010
Discount rate	6.55%

The assumed projected health care cost trend rate is 7% declining to 6.6% in 2016.

Future changes in actual compensation and retirement dates can materially affect both the amount of the benefits ultimately paid and the period over which the related expense is recognized.

Assumed health care cost trend rates have a significant effect on the amounts reported for the health care plans. A one-percentage point change in assumed health care cost trend rates would have the following effects (in thousands):

	2010		2009	
One-percentage point increase in trend impact Effect on total of service and interest cost components Effect on postretirement benefit obligation	\$ \$	27 327	\$	24
One-percentage point decrease in trend impact	Ψ	<u> </u>	Ψ	210
Effect on total of service and interest cost components	\$	(23)	\$	(21)
Effect on postretirement benefit obligation	\$	(286)	\$	(189)
Estimated Future Benefit Payments After Fiscal Year-End				
2011	\$	198		
2012		190		
2013		209		
2014		215		
2015		217		
Next 5 years	\$	1,202		

14. Program Advances

Program advances by government and nongovernment agencies for the years ended June 30 were comprised of the following *(in thousands)*:

	2010		2009
Monetization proceeds	\$	-	\$ 234
Commodity grants		9,784	11,589
Grants and contracts:			
U.S. government		-	13,376
CARE International		14,189	12,588
Host governments		4,968	6,300
Others		28,777	 22,225
	\$	57,718	\$ 66,312

15. Subsidiary Loans Payable

Loans are provided to micro-companies to be used for financial and technical assistance in local currency to local institutions like local cooperatives, rural banks, and non-governmental institutions for the production, trade and service providing activities.

Debt maturities and interest rate range for the year ended June 30, 2010 are as follows (in thousands):

	Interest Rate Range	Debt N	<i>l</i> laturities
2011	5%-8%	\$	1,185
2012	5%-8%		4,216
2013	5%-8%		4,150
		\$	9,551

Loan proceeds are used primarily to carry out microfinance lending activities. Debt maturities and interest rate range for the year end June 30, 2009 are as follows (in thousands):

	Interest Rate Range	Debt I	Maturities
2010	3.50% - 10.50%	\$	1,856
2011	4.50% - 12.00%		6,379
		\$	8,235

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

15. Subsidiary Loans payable (continued)

Debt maturities by institution for the years ended June 30 is as follows (in thousands):

		2010 2009		2010		2009		Interest
Bank	Amount		Amount		Term	Rate %		
SEED Finance:		_						
Small Business Corporation	\$	1,119	\$	1,804	12/2007 - 07/2011	9		
Bank of the Philippines		991		1,256	10/2007 - 08/2011	8		
Producers Bank		65		-	12/2009 - 09/2010	6		
MicroVest		999		1,000	05/2009 - 05/2011	8		
Bangko		1,273		-	05/2009 - 05/2011	8		
Other Source		349		-	12/2009 - 12/2010	8		
Oiko		1,510		-	10/2009 - 10/2012	10		
Planet Finance		499		-	10/2009 - 11/2012	8		
MOFAD:								
MISFA		2,692		4,175	Payable on demand	5		
Other Source		54		-	05/2009 - 05/2011	5		
	\$	9,551	\$	8,235	•			

16. Sources of Support

CARE USA receives support for its programs from charitable contributions and grants and contracts from government and nongovernment entities. The following describes CARE USA's sources of support and revenue for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 (in thousands):

Donor	Cash	_	ricultural nmodities	Nonfood In Kind	Total 2010	Total 2009
Contributions						
U.S. private support	\$129,342	\$	-	\$ 2,451	\$131,793	\$106,680
Public Information - PSA	_		-	14,651	14,651	-
Total Contributions	129,342		-	17,102	146,444	106,680
CARE International						
CARE Australia	3,504		-	-	3,504	7,935
CARE Canada	16,669		-	-	16,669	9,848
CARE Danmark	13,485		-	-	13,485	11,525
CARE Deutschland	9,042		-	-	9,042	9,800
CARE France	13,003		-	-	13,003	13,312
CARE Japan	1,186		-	-	1,186	341
CARE Nederland	21,775		-	-	21,775	22,686
CARE Norge	13,102		-	-	13,102	10,114
CARE Österreich	13,715		-	-	13,715	11,410
CARE United Kingdom	33,502		-	-	33,502	36,963
CI Secretariat	509				509	
Total CARE International	139,492		-	-	139,492	133,934
Government and other support						
U.S. government	167,432		30,572	867	198,871	274,867
Host governments	21,799		-	-	21,799	20,729
UNHCR	2,203		-	-	2,203	2,061
UNICEF	1,287		-	-	1,287	2,211
WFP	1,016		135	2,265	3,416	6,810
Other U.N. agencies	5,492		-	1,240	6,732	8,170
Switzerland	1,563		-	-	1,563	1,276
World Bank	1,356		-	-	1,356	9,348
Global Fund	29,857		-	-	29,857	32,230
Grants, contracts from Subsidiary	15,249		-	17	15,266	17,117
Total Government & other support	247,254		30,707	4,389	282,350	374,819
Other revenue						
Interest, dividends, rents, and miscellaneous	17,722			_	17,722	18,691
Support and Revenue	\$533,810	\$	30,707	\$ 21,491	\$586,008	\$634,124

17. Agricultural Commodities

A summary of agricultural commodity activity by CARE USA is as follows (in thousands):

	2010	2009
Commodities distributed via CARE USA programs		
U.S. government	\$ 30,572	\$ 94,359
Others	135	3,399
Total	30,707	97,758
Commodities received for monetization		
with proceeds used by CARE USA		
from the U.S. government	1,304	17,443
Total agricultural commodities support	\$ 32,011	\$ 115,201

18. Subsidiary and Related Entities Balance Sheets and Statements of Activities

The balance sheets for CARE USA's subsidiary and related entities before consolidation as of June 30, 2010 are as follows (in thousands):

	SEED Finance		MOFAD		CARE India Trust		Total	
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,214	\$	1,240	\$	28	\$	3,482
Grants receivable		-		-		143		143
Microcredit loans receivable, net		6,002		397		1		6,400
Other assets		207		15		14		236
Property and equipment, net		9		39		23		71
Total Assets		8,432		1,691		209		10,332
Liabilities and Net Assets								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and other liabilities		89		483		173		745
Loans payable		6,805		2,746		-		9,551
Total Liabilities		6,894		3,229		173		10,296
Commitments and contingencies								
Retained Earnings and Stockholders Equity								
Retained earnings and stockholders equity		884		(1,476)		36		(556)
Minority interest		654		(62)		-		592
Total Retained Earnings and Stockholders Equity		1,538		(1,538)		36		36
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$	8,432	\$	1,691	\$	209	\$	10,332

18. Subsidiary and Related Entities Balance Sheets and Statements of Activities (continued)

The balance sheets for CARE USA's subsidiary and related entities before consolidation as of June 30, 2009 are as follows (in thousands):

	Edyficar (Discontinued Ops)		SEED Finance		MOFAD		Other		 Total	
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,573	\$	1,413	\$	2,152	\$	112	\$ 16,250	
Grants receivable		-		-		-		189	189	
Microcredit loans receivable, net		201,231		4,253		2,104		11	207,599	
Other assets		6,011		111		78		27	6,227	
Property and equipment, net		8,978		9		56		-	9,043	
Investments		-						104	 104	
Total Assets		228,793		5,786		4,390		443	239,412	
Liabilities and Net Assets Liabilities		00.555		7.4		070		050	00.004	
Accounts payable and other liabilities		22,555		74		276		359	23,264	
Loans payable Total Liabilities		164,943		4,615		4,175		250	 173,733	
Total Liabilities		187,498		4,689		4,451		359	 196,997	
Commitments and contingencies										
Retained Earnings and Stockholders Equity										
Retained earnings and stockholders equity		31,842		882		(57)		84	32,751	
Minority interest		9,453		215		(4)		-	 9,664	
Total Retained Earnings and Stockholders Equity		41,295		1,097		(61)		84	 42,415	
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$	228,793	\$	5,786	\$	4,390	\$	443	\$ 239,412	

^{*} Other consist of Care India Trust & CISSD

The statements of activities for CARE USA's subsidiary and related entities before consolidation for the year ended June 30, 2010 are as follows (in thousands):

	Edyficar (Jul - Oct 2009)		SEED Finance		MOFAD		CARE India Trust		Total	
Program Income										
Interest and other income	\$	26,144	\$	799	\$	325	\$	715	\$	27,983
Interest expense		4,766		485		-		-		5,251
Net interest income		21,378		314		325		715		22,732
Less: Provision for loan losses		1,982		12		900				2,894
Net interest income after provision for loan losses		19,396		302		(575)		715		19,838
General and administrative expenses		14,333		257		746		675		16,011
Net Income (Loss)	\$	5,063	\$	45	\$	(1,321)	\$	40	\$	3,827

18. Subsidiary and Related Entities Balance Sheets and Statements of Activities (continued)

The statements of activities for CARE USA's subsidiary and related entities before consolidation for the year ended June 30, 2009 are as follows (in thousands):

	Edyficar (Discontinued Ops)		SEED Finance		MOFAD		Other *		Total	
Program Income										
Interest and other income	\$	65,931	\$	504	\$	617	\$	1,148	\$	68,200
Interest expense		14,192		282						14,474
Net interest income		51,739		222		617		1,148		53,726
Less: Provision for loan losses		3,674		19						3,693
Net interest income after provision for loan losses		48,065		203		617		1,148		50,033
Program expenses		35,020		200		741		1,064		37,025
Net Income (Loss)	\$	13,045	\$	3	\$	(124)	\$	84	\$	13,008

^{*} Other consist of Care India Trust & CISSD

Interest and other income are included in government and other support in the accompanying consolidated statements of activities. Interest expense is included in financing, depreciation and miscellaneous expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of functional expenses. Provision for loan losses is included in program expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of activities. Program expenses are included in the appropriate natural classification in the accompanying consolidated statements of functional expenses.

19. Commitments and Other Matters

As of June 30, 2010, CARE USA is obligated under noncancelable operating lease agreements for warehousing, office space and staff housing at minimum rentals as follows (in thousands):

Year	Amount			
2011	\$ 7,322			
2012		3,246		
2013		1,975		
2014		1,498		
2015		495		
2016 - 2023		2,429		
Total	\$	16,965		

Total rent expense was approximately \$15 million and \$15.2 million, respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

19. Commitments and Other Matters (continued)

CARE USA has committed to invest \$5 million in MicroVest II, LP, a wholly owned limited partner of MicroVest General Partners. Contributions made were \$500,000 as of June 30, 2010 and \$600,000 as of June 30, 2009.

CARE USA has a commitment to loan a total of \$3 million to \$3.6 million to BRAC Africa Microfinance, Ltd over a four year period. The loan receivable was \$1.5 million as of June 30, 2010 and \$800, 000 as of June 30, 2009. Repayment will begin in 2013. CARE USA earns a 5% interest on the loan.

CARE USA has a \$1.9 million line of credit used for funding microcredit loans in Honduras. At June 30, 2010, the outstanding balance owed was \$0.4 million. The line of credit is secured by \$1.5 million of microcredit loans receivable. The interest rate is 16%.

CARE USA maintains two letters of credit to secure standby letters of credit and other guarantees. These letters of credit total \$10 million and \$2.5 million and cover U.S. and Peruvian guarantees, respectively. There were no amounts outstanding under these letters of credit as of June 30, 2010.

In addition, CARE USA is the guarantor on \$2.5 million of obligations to donors resulting from advance funding of projects in CARE USA and other CARE International member country offices. These guarantees have expirations through October 2011. These guarantees are released upon the final expenditure of funds on the associated projects in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract. The CARE International member that obtained the donor funding is primarily liable for outstanding amounts, with the guarantees providing additional protection to the donors. The guarantees would only be exercised if the country offices failed to deliver project work and were unable to return the cash advances, and the CARE International member was also unable to repay the donor. CARE USA does not expect to expend any resources as a result of these guarantees as no expenditures have been required since this program has been in effect.

CARE USA has committed to invest \$8 million to fund Access Africa Fund, LLC. This is a wholly-owned CARE USA subsidiary. Its mission is to provide microloans to the working poor and their families. Access Africa, LLC became operational on July 9, 2010.

In the normal course of business, CARE USA is party to various claims and assessments. In the opinion of management, these matters will not have a material effect on the consolidated financial position, consolidated changes in net assets or consolidated cash flows.

20. Related Parties

Members of CARE USA's Board of Directors and senior management may, from time to time, be associated, either directly or indirectly, with companies doing business with the Organization. For senior management, the Organization requires annual disclosure of significant financial interests in, or employment or consulting relationship with, entities doing business with the Organization. These annual disclosures cover both senior management and their immediate family members. When such relationships exist, measures are taken to appropriately manage the actual or perceived conflict in the best interest of the Organization.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

20. Related Parties (continued)

The Organization has a written conflict of interest policy that requires, among other things, that no member of the Board of Directors can participate in any decision in which he or she (or an immediate family member) has a material financial interest.

Each Board member is required to certify compliance with the conflict of interest policy on an annual basis and indicate whether the Organization does business with an entity in which a trustee has a material financial interest. When such relationships exist, measures are taken to mitigate any actual or perceived conflict, including requiring that such transactions be conducted at arm's length, for good and sufficient consideration, based on terms that are fair and reasonable to and for the benefit of the Organization, and in accordance with conflict of interest laws. No such associations are considered to be significant. CARE USA loaned money to the CARE International Revolving Fund. This is used by CARE International to loan money to other members. The direct loan to the CARE International Revolving Fund has a balance of \$2.5 million for each year ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.

21. Subsequent Events

Management has disclosed all subsequent events through December 17th, 2010, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

22. Contingencies

The Government of Bolivia has served CARE USA with tax claims of approximately \$15 million for the commercial sale and distribution of commodities during the calendar years 2002 - 2006. CARE USA has filed lawsuits in Bolivia contesting the validity of these claims. The lawsuits are still pending.